



Department of Examinations - Sri Lanka  
G.C.E. (O/L) Examination - 2018

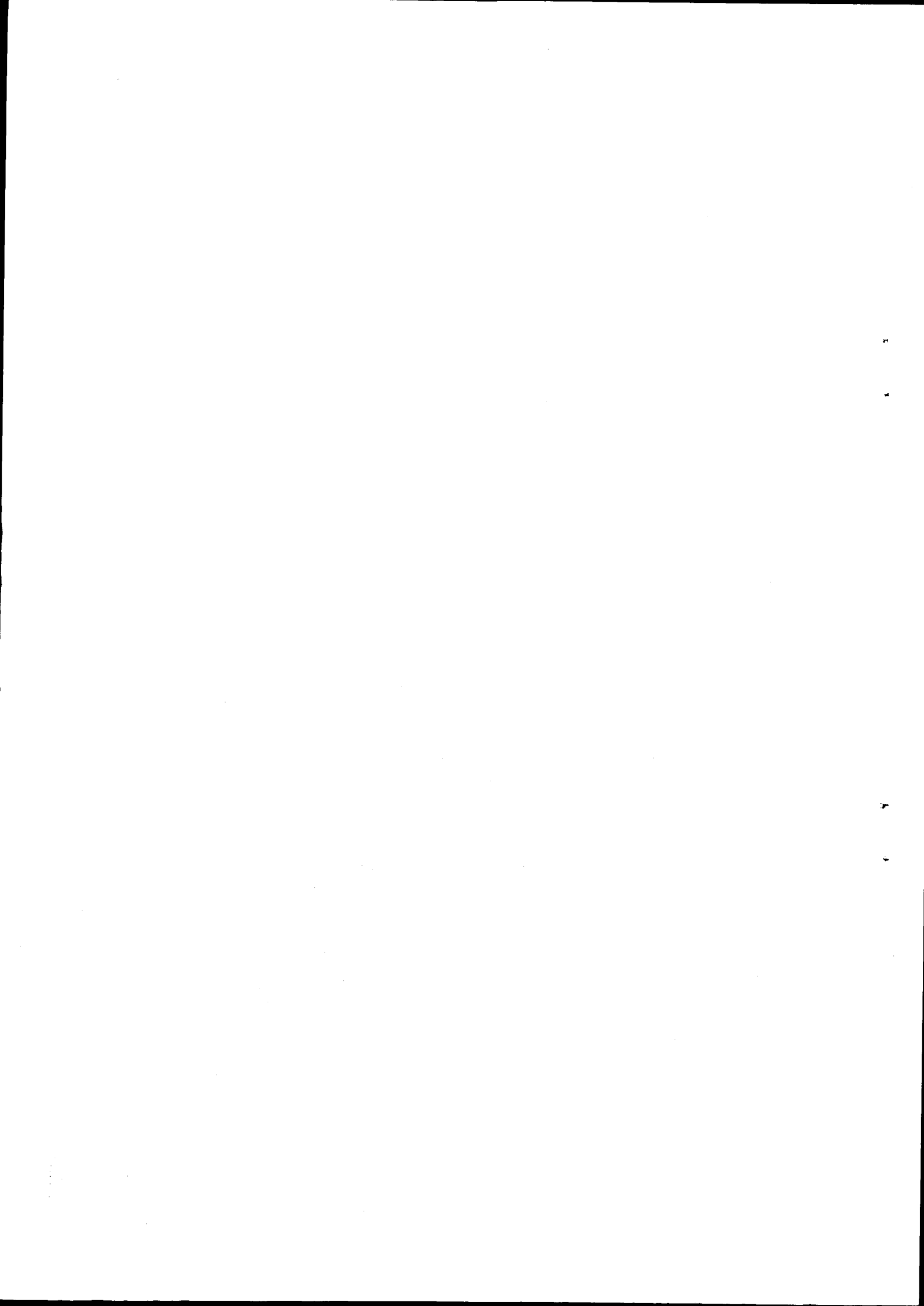
**16 - Islam**

**Marking Scheme**



This document has been prepared for the use of Marking Examiners. Some changes would be made according to the views presented at the Chief Examiners' meeting.

**Amendments to be included**



**G.C.E. (O/L) Examination -2018****16 - Islam**

## Calculating final marks

**Paper I**

No.of questions - 40 = 1 x 40= 40

**Paper II**

Question No. 1 is compulsory

There are 10 parts = 02 x 10= 20

4 Questions should be answered from question No 2. to 7.

10 marks per question = 04 x 10 = 40

2 out 4 parts should be answered in question No. 07.

5 marks each per part = 05 x 2 = 10

Questions from 2 to 6  
contain 3 parts each

Part I = 2 marks

Part II = 3 marks

part III = 5 marks

Total = 10 marks

Paper I = 40 marks

Paper II = 60 marks

Total = 100 marks





සියලුම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved

ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විද්‍යා මණ්ඩලීය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව  
 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka  
 ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ශ්‍රී ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව  
 இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரීட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

16 E I, II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 දෙසැම්බර්  
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 டிசெம்பர்  
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2018

ඉස්ලාම් I, II  
 இஸ்லாம் I, II  
 Islam I, II

03.12.2018 / 0830 - 1140

පැය තුනයි  
 மூன்று மணித்தியாலம்  
 Three hours

අමතර කියවීමේ කාලය - මිනිත්තු 10 යි  
 மேலதிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள்  
 Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes

Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.

### Islam I

#### Note :

- Answer all questions.
- In each of the questions 1 to 40, pick one of the alternatives (1), (2), (3), (4) is correct or most appropriate.
- Mark a cross (X) on the number corresponding to your choice in the answer sheet provided.
- Further instructions are given on the back of the answer sheet. Follow them carefully.

- Among the names of Allah, what is the meaning of 'Ar-Raheem'?  
 (1) The most pure (2) The most forgiving  
 (3) The most merciful (4) One who knows every thing
- The ones that form the basic of Islamic Aqeeda are  
 (1) Al-Quran and Sunna. (2) Ijma and Qiyas.  
 (3) Al-Quran and Ijma. (4) Qiyas and urf.
- The field included facts such as Bahs, Mahshar, Hisaab and Janna that are related to life after death is  
 (1) Al-Ilahiyyat. (2) An-Nubuwwat.  
 (3) As-Samiyyat. (4) Ar-Ruhaniyyat.
- As 'Wara' indicates abstinence, what is indicated by 'Taqwa'?  
 (1) Forgiveness (2) Fear of God  
 (3) Life of Abstinence (4) Entrusting responsibility
- Imam Ahmad ibn Hanbel (rah) and Abu Mansur Al-Mathurudi (rah) are scholars related to  
 (1) Aqeeda. (2) Hadith science.  
 (3) Islamic Law. (4) Science of Tafsir.
- The honorific title of Imam Malik (rah) is  
 (1) Imamul Ahlam. (2) Alimul Quraesh. (3) Saifullah. (4) Imamul Madina.
- One who claimed as a prophet during the time Muhammed (sal) is  
 (1) Tulaiha. (2) Saja. (3) Museylama. (4) Aswad Ansy.
- Who are known as 'Kuththabul Wahy'?  
 (1) Those who have memorised the Quran  
 (2) Those who have explained and commented on the Quran  
 (3) Those who have personally written down the Quran  
 (4) When the Wahy was sent down, those who have written down them under the supervision of the Prophet (sal)

9. The days in the week that are suitable to observe the sunnat fasts are  
 (1) Friday and Saturday. (2) Monday and Thursday.  
 (3) Sunday and Monday. (4) Thursday and Friday.
10. The one that is **not** included in the farls of the prayer is  
 (1) pronouncing the first takbir. (2) reciting sura Fathiha.  
 (3) performing the two sujuds. (4) purifying of the place of prayer.
11. Who are known as 'Ahlu Sunna Wal Jamaath'?  
 (1) Those who completed the books of Hadith  
 (2) Those who follow Prophet (sal) and Sahabas  
 (3) Those who follow the four Imams  
 (4) Those who act against the Islamic Aqeeda
12. Prophet stated that there are two qualities that should not be in the behaviour of mumin. What are those qualities?  
 (1) Usury and gambling (2) Falsehood and dishonesty  
 (3) Falsehood and Theft (4) Using of intoxicants and dishonesty
13. In a big water pond, the colour and the taste of the water have changed due to the spread of moss. In this water,  
 (1) ablution can be taken.  
 (2) ablution cannot be taken.  
 (3) it is good not to be taken ablution.  
 (4) it can take ablution and pray but if pure water is found, it must take ablution and repeat the prayer.
14. One who goes to perform Haj has the niyyat to perform only Haj and this act is known as  
 (1) At-Tamattu. (2) Al-Ifrad. (3) Al-Qiran. (4) Al-Itlaq
15. A teacher has taken his students to show sigiriya and at five o'clock in the evening he made them to pray Luhar combining with Asar. This method is known as  
 (1) Jamu. (2) Qasr. (3) Jamu taqdeem. (4) Jamu Takheer.
16. The place where Masjidul Qiblatain is situated in  
 (1) Makka. (2) Tayif. (3) Madina. (4) Jidda.
17. A person had seven lakhs of rupees in his possession. The Nisab for Zakat in that year was Rs. 600 000. If he has a loan of one lakh of rupees to be paid, the Zakat that should be paid by him at the end of the year is  
 (1) Rs. 12 000. (2) Rs. 13 000. (3) Rs. 14 000. (4) Rs. 15 000.
18. The longest sura in the Quran is  
 (1) Al Kahf. (2) Ala Imran. (3) Al Baqara. (4) Al Mulk.
19. An famous Imam who has contributed to the development of Islamic law is  
 (1) Imam Shafi (rah). (2) Imam Ghazzali (rah).  
 (3) Imam Ibn Khaseer (rah). (4) Imam Bukhari (rah).
20. An act that a woman who observes Idda for her dead husband, should compulsorily avoid  
 (1) to engage in marriage. (2) to go out for earning.  
 (3) to watch television. (4) to visit a physician.
21. An scholar of our country who said that he "wish that the home language of Muslims should be Arabic" is  
 (1) T.B. Jaya. (2) Siddi Lebbe. (3) A.M.A. Azeez. (4) Sir Markan Markar.

ශ්‍රී ලංකාවිභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව  
இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்

අ.පො.ස.(සා.පෙළ)විභාගය - 2018  
க.பொ.த (சா.தர)ப் பரீட்சை - 2018

විෂයඅංකය  
பாட இலக்கம்  
பாடம்

16

විෂයය

Islam

ප්‍රශ්‍ය - පිළිතුරු  
புத்திரம் - விடைகள்

ප්‍රශ්‍යඅංකය வினா இல.	පිළිතුරු අංකය விடை இல.	ප්‍රශ්‍යඅංකය வினா இல.	පිළිතුරු අංකය விடை இல.	ප්‍රශ්‍යඅංකය வினா இல.	පිළිතුරු අංකය விடை இல.	ප්‍රශ්‍යඅංකය வினா இல.	පිළිතුරු අංකය விடை இல.
01.	3	11.	2	21.	2	31.	2
02.	1	12.	2	22.	3	32.	4
03.	3	13.	1	23.	3	33.	3
04.	2	14.	2	24.	2	34.	4
05.	1	15.	4	25.	1	35.	3
06.	4	16.	3	26.	2	36.	3
07.	3/4	17.	4	27.	4	37.	4
08.	4	18.	3	28.	3	38.	1
09.	2	19.	1	29.	1	39.	4
10.	4	20.	1	30.	2	40.	1

විශේෂපදෙස් එක්පිළිතුරකටලකුණු ] බැගින්  
விசேட அறிவுறுத்தல் ஒருசரியானவிடைக்குபுள்ளிவீதம்

01

මුළු ලකුණු/ மொத்தப் புள்ளிகள் 01 X 40 = 40

පහත නිදසුනෙහි දක්වෙන පරිදි බහුවරණ උත්තර පත්‍රයේ අවසාන තීරුවේ ලකුණු ඇතුළත් කරන්න.  
கீழ் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டிருக்கும்

உதாரணத்திற்கு அமையபல்தேர்வுவினாக்களுக்குரியபுள்ளிகளைபல்தேர்வுவினாப்பத்திரத்தின் இறுதியில் பதிக.

නිවැරදි පිළිතුරු සංඛ්‍යාව  
சரியானவிடைகளின் தொகை

25

40

I පත්‍රයේ මුළු ලකුණු  
பத்திரம் I இன் மொத்தப்புள்ளி

25

40



සියලු ම හිමිකම් ඇවිරිණි / முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது / All Rights Reserved

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 இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka  
 Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka

16 E I, II

අධ්‍යයන පොදු සහතික පත්‍ර (සාමාන්‍ය පෙළ) විභාගය, 2018 දෙසැම්බර්  
 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2018 டிசம்பர்  
 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, December 2018

ඉස්ලාම් I, II  
 இஸ்லாம் I, II  
 Islam I, II

### Islam II

- \* Answer **five** questions, including first question and **four** other questions.
- \* The first question carries **20** marks and each of the other questions carries **10** marks.

#### 1. Write short answers.

- (i) What is the statement recited by Prophet Ibrahim (alai) when he was thrown into the fire?
- (ii) Name the **two** fairs that were found in the Jahiliya period?
- (iii) Give **two** examples of temporary mahramis.
- (iv) Mention Arkanul Qiyas.
- (v) Write **two** Islamic guidance to bring reconciliation in the society.
- (vi) Mention **two** conditions for the acceptance of Tawba.
- (vii) Write **two** qualities that should be in commodities of trade should possess.
- (viii) Mention **two** rights that Islam has granted to woman.
- (ix) Mention **two** farls of fast.
- (x) Mention **two** duties that children should perform to parents.

#### 2. (i) What is 'Iman Mufassal'?

- (ii) Mention **two** categories of Shirk Akbar with examples.
- (iii) Explain briefly **five** influences of Iman affected in the life of a muslim.

#### 3. (i) Name **two** categories of Tawaf.

- (ii) Mention **three** benefits of Haj.
- (iii) Explain briefly **five** Wajibs of Haj.

#### 4. (i) Distinguish between the words Shia and Khawarij.

- (ii) Give **three** consequences of the conquest of Makka.
- (iii) Explain briefly **five** things that a youth should follow to safeguard from sins according to Islam.

#### 5. (i) What is meant by 'Dawa'?

- (ii) Mention **three** challenges Prophet (sal) faced during Dawa in Makka period.
- (iii) Explain briefly the importance of Hijrat journey.

#### 6. (i) Mention **four** major sins.

- (ii) Mention **three** reasons for polygamy being permitted.
- (iii) Explain **five** special characteristics of Islamic economic system.

#### 7. Write short notes among **two** of the following.

- (i) Revelation of Al-Quran
- (ii) Qasr-Jamu prayer
- (iii) Patriotism
- (iv) Masjid un Nabavi

# Islam

## Part- 02

### Marking Scheme

1. Write short answers

(i) What is the statement recited by Prophet Ibrahim (alai) when he was thrown into the fire?

- Hasbiyallahu Wani mal Wakeel (02 Marks)

(ii) Name the **two** fairs that were found in the Jahiliya period.

- Ukaz, Majannah, Dhul, Majaz (02 Marks for any two of the above)

(iii) Give **two** examples of temporary mahramis.

- Wife's sister.
- Wife's mother's sister.
- Wife's father's sister.
- Woman in Idda.
- Woman in Ihram.
- Prostitute until she frees herself from the sin.
- A Mushik woman.
- Wife of another man.

(02 Marks for any two of the above)

(iv) Mention Arkanul Qiyas.

- 1. Al Asl 2. Al Farau 3. Al Illath 4. Al hukum. (1/2 x 4 = 2 Marks)

(v) Write **two** Islamic guidance to bring reconciliation in the society.

- Helping all the people as human beings.
- Being friendly with them.
- Associate with them despite religious and racial differences.
- Not scolding their deities.
- Deal with them with justice and fairness.

**( If two points similar to the above are mentioned 02 Marks)**

(vi) Mention **two** conditions for the acceptance of Tawba.

- To ask Taubah with pure intention.
- To regret the sin committed.
- To give up the sin immediately.
- Resolving not to go back to it.
- If the sin is related to other's rights ask for their forgiveness.

**(For the two points out of the above 02 Marks)**

(vii) Write **two** qualities that should be in commodities of trade should possess.

- It should be owned by the seller.
- In condition to be handed over to the buyer
- In the stock in hand.
- Must be pure and useful

**(For two points out of the above 02 Marks)**

(viii) Mention **two** rights that Islam has granted to woman.

- Right to live.
- Right to express ideas.
- Right to select a husband.
- Right of inheritance.
- Right to earn a living.
- Right to divorce.

**(For two points similar to the above 02 Marks )**

(ix) Mention **two** farls of fast.

- Keeping Niyath.
- Keeping away from acts that will nullify fasting from dawn to sunset.

**(Two marks if two points are mentioned)**

(x) Mention **two** duties that children should perform to woman.

- To love the parents.
- To obey them.
- To pray to Allah for them.
- To fulfil their needs. **(Two marks for any points similar to the above)**

**(Total marks 2 x 10 = 20 marks)**

2.

(i) What is 'Iman Mufassal'?

- Detailed Iman. **(01 Mark)**
- To believe all articles of Faith. **(01 Mark)**

(ii) Mention **two** categories of Shirk Akbar with examples.

- Shirk Jali -clear shirk
- Shirk Khafi-hidden shirk

or

If three relevant examples are written. **(03 Marks)**

(iii) Explain briefly **five** influences of Iman affected in the life of a Muslim

- Worshipping only Allah and asking assistance only from Allah
- Attributing success or failure to Allah.
- Avoiding sins in fear of the Day of Judgement.
- Get motivated to engage in good deeds.
- Getting free from all sort of slavery.
- Prepared to make any sacrifice for the sake of Allah

**(Five points similar to the above 05 Marks)**

**(Total 2+3+5= 10 marks)**

3.

(i) Name **two** categories of Tawaf.

- Tawaful Qudoom.
- Tawaful Ifadha.
- Tawaful Widha.

**( If two of the above are mentioned 02 Marks)**

(ii) Mention **three** categories of Tawaf.

- Develops qualities like sacrifice ,patience fear of Allah etc.
- Can enter the heaven
- Sins will be forgiven and will become like a newly born baby.
- Getting live experiences with the historical places of Islam
- Hajj promotes equality and unity

**( If two of the above are mentioned 03 Marks)**

(iii) Explain briefly **five** Wajibs of Haj.

- Keeping Niyath at particular Meeqat.
- Staying at Muzdalifa after the midnight of 10<sup>th</sup> of Zul Hajj.
- Throwing 7 stones at Jamrathul Aqaba.
- Staying at Mina on Ayyamuth Tashreeq nights.
- Throwing 7 Stones at three Jamrathson Ayyamuth Tashreeq days.
- Performing Tawaful widha.

**( If five of the above points are mentioned 05 Marks)**

**(Total 2+3+5= 10 marks)**

4.

(i) Distinguish between the words Shia and Khawarij.

- Shiea - Division or Party.  
Those who claimed that khilafat must be given to Ali(Rali)
- Khawarij- Those who left.  
Those who left caliph Ali ( Rali)'s army after the battle of Siffin.

**(1x2=2 Marks)**(ii) Give **three** consequences of the conquest of Makka.

- Muslims were able to settle in their own places.
- They were able to live without fear.
- Islam became a powerful force.
- The whole Makkah came under the control of the Prophet.
- A large number of people embraced Islam.
- Common pardon was given to the enemies

**(Three points similar to the above 03 Marks )**(iii) Explain briefly **five** things that a youth should follow to safeguard from sins according to Islam.

- To engage in spiritual activities (Zikr- Taubah - Thilawathul Quran etc)
- To Keep away from bad friends.
- To follow the teachings of Islam.
- To keep away from activities that arouse bad feelings.
- To move with Ajnabis with restrictions
- Listeningto religious speeches.
- Reading Islamic books

**(Five points similar to the above 05 Marks )****(Total 2+3+5= 10 marks)**

5.

I. What is meant by 'Dawa'?

Preaching of Islam.

Calling people towards Islam

**( 02 Marks )**(ii) Mention **three** challenges Prophet (sal) Faced during Dawa in Makka period.

- Had to face great opposition from the leaders of Quraish. (Abu Jahl, Abu Lahab)
- They faced terrible insult and scolding
- Enemies prevented from preaching Islam
- Harassing the Prophet physically.
- Those who embraced Islam were badly tortured
- The prophet and the followers were subjected to social boycott at Sheeb Abi Talib for three years.

**( For any relevant three points 03 Marks)**

(iii) Explain briefly the importance of Hijrat journey.

- Hijrath is the beginning of the Islamic Khilafat.
- It paved the way for an ideal society.
- It was the turning point in the history of Islam.
- A Peaceful atmosphere was created (Aws and Khazraj tribes were united, Madina Treaty)
- Muslims had a relief from the harassment of the Quraish.
- Islam became a powerful force.
- Construction of Masjid Nabawi.

**(Five points similar to the above 05 Marks)**

**(Total 2+3+5= 10 marks)**

6.

(i) Mention **four** major sins.

- Shirk - Associating partners with Allah.
- Witchcraft.
- To kill someone unjustly.
- Interest or usury
- To consume an orphan's wealth or property .
- To flee from Jihad.
- To slander a chaste woman.

**( If four of the above are mentioned  $1/2 \times 4 = 2$  Marks )**

(ii) Mention **three** reasons for polygamy being permitted.

- To look after widows.
- To take care of orphans.
- To restrict extra marital relationships.

**( For any relevant three points 03 Marks)**

(iii) Explain **five** special characteristics of Islamic economic system.

- Divinity
- Bridging the imbalance
- Balance between individual and social welfare.
- Considering the material and spiritual needs equally.
- No injustice.
- flexibility

**(Five points similar to the above 05 Marks)**

**(Total 2+3+5= 10 marks)**

7. Write short notes among **two** of the following.

(i) Revelation of Al Quran

- The event of first revelation.
- First five verses of Surah AlAlaq were revealed first.
- The Quran was revealed again after a time gap.
- Kuttatulwahi - Wahi writers recorded revelations under the prophets observation.
- the order of revelation is called TharteebNuzool.
- The Quran was revealed in Makkah and Madina.
- It was revealed gradually for 23 years.
- It was revealed answering the questions raised.
- it was revealed as solutions to the problems arose.

**(If five points similar to the above have been explained 05 Marks)**

(ii) Qasr -Jamu Prayer

- Qasr means shortening prayers.
- Jamu means combining prayers.
- This is a concession given to travellers.
- Shortening four Rak' ahs into two Rak' ahs is called Qasr.
- We can combine Zuhr and Asr prayers and also Maghrib and Isha prayers.
- Qasr -Jamu Prayers indicate that Salah must not be missed in any circumstances.
- There are two kinds of Jamu- JamuTaqqdeem and JamuTakheer

**(If five points similar to the above have been explained 05 Marks)**

(iii) Patriotism

- One must love the country in which he lives.
- The prophet expressed his love towards his motherland Makkah during Hijrath
- Being loyal to the country
- Contributing to the unity of the nation.
- Joining thenation in facing the challenges it encounters.
- Supporting the nation to eliminate the anti social activities.

**(If five points similar to the above have been explained 05 Marks)**

(iv) Masjid Nabawi

- It is situated in Madina
- It is the second sacred mosque in Islam
- It was built by the prophet soon after Hijrath to Madina.
- The Prayer in this masque. equals thousand prayers.
- It was a political, social and economic center of Muslim community.
- It is one of the three Masjids permitted by the Prophet for pilgrimage.
- The formation and the construction of the Masjid Nabawi

**(If five points similar to the above have been explained 05 Marks)**

**(Total 5+5= 10 marks)**

